

New Iranian Republic (NIR)



IR Proposed Government Structure: *Republic of Iran*

1. President (*Rais-e Jomhur*)

- **Position:** Head of State and Government
 - **Elected by:** Direct national election
 - **Term:** Fixed (e.g., 4 or 5 years), renewable once
 - **Responsibilities:**
 - Represents the nation in foreign affairs and diplomacy.
 - Enforces laws and oversees executive functions.
 - Appoints the Cabinet (with Parliamentary approval).
 - Signs legislation into law or returns it with objections (limited veto).
 - Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces.
 - May call referendums or dissolve Parliament in specific constitutional circumstances (if allowed).
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2. Parliament (*Majles-e Melli*)

A bicameral or unicameral legislature

A. Lower House – National Assembly (*Majles-e Showra-ye Melli*)

Members: Elected by the people.

- **Responsibilities:**
 - Proposes and passes laws.
 - Approves the national budget.
 - Confirms or rejects presidential appointments.
 - Can impeach the President or ministers.

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B. Upper House – Senate (*Majles-e Sena*)

- **Members:** Elected regionally or by indirect means.
- **Responsibilities:**
 - Reviews legislation for national and constitutional consistency.
 - Represents provincial and ethnic interests.
 - Acts as a check on populism or partisan overreach.

** Parliament will dissolve present Constitution of Iran and ratify new Constitution.

3. Council of Ministers (*Shoraye Vaziran*)

- **Appointed by:** President, confirmed by Parliament
 - **Responsibilities:**
 - Leads ministries such as Defense, Interior, Economy, Health, etc.
 - Implements laws and manages national policy in respective areas.
 - Advises President on domestic and foreign issues.
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4. Judiciary (*Ghovveh-ye Qazaieh*)

- **Supreme Court and Constitutional Court**
 - **Appointed by:** President, confirmed by Parliament
 - **Responsibilities:**
 - Independent interpretation of laws and the Constitution.
 - Adjudicates disputes between branches of government.
 - Reviews the constitutionality of laws.
 - Protects the rights and liberties of individuals.
 - Administers civil, criminal, and administrative justice.
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5. Election Commission (*Komision-e Entekhabat*)

- **Appointed by:** The Legislature
 - **Responsibilities:**
 - Oversees national, local, and referendum elections.
 - Ensures transparency and fairness in electoral processes.
 - Certifies results and handles election disputes.
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6. Armed Forces (Niruha-ye Mosallah)

- **Commander-in-Chief:** President
 - **Defense Minister:** Appointed by President, confirmed by Parliament
 - **Oversight:** Parliament holds full control over funding & operations
 - **Military Code:** Civilian-led, professional, nonpartisan
 - **Structure:** Army, Navy, Air Force, Cyber, Special Forces, optional Territorial Defense
 - **No parallel forces** or religious loyalty tests
 - **Military bound to constitution and human rights**
 - **Parliamentary approval** required for foreign military operations
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7. Local Governments (*Dolathae Mahalli*)

- **Governors, Mayors, and Councils**
 - **Elected by:** Local populations
 - **Responsibilities:**
 - Manage cities, provinces, and municipalities.
 - Implement national policy at the local level.
 - Provide services like water, education, transportation, zoning.
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8. Constitutional Council (*Shora-ye Ghanun-e Asasi*)

- **Members:** Legal scholars, elected or appointed
 - **Responsibilities:**
 - Ensures all legislation aligns with democratic principles and constitution.
 - Can delay or strike down laws that violate rights or procedures.
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9. Independent Institutions (*Nahadha-ye Mostaqel*)

- **Examples:** Human Rights Commission, Anti-Corruption Authority, Media Oversight Board
 - **Appointed by:** Via a balanced and transparent multi-branch process — not controlled by one political faction or government branch.
 - **Responsibilities:**
 - Monitor abuses of power.
 - Protect civil rights and freedoms.
 - Provide independent checks on government branches.
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Key Features of the Republic:

- **No Monarchy** – All officials are elected or appointed democratically.
- **Full separation of powers:** Executive, Legislative, and Judicial.
- **Checks and balances** between branches.
- **Equal rights for women, minorities, and religious groups.**
- **Universal suffrage** (one person, one vote).
- Parliament will **dissolve present Constitution of Iran** and **ratify new Constitution**.